# T.Y.B.Sc. CHEMISTRY (6 UNITS) Choice Based Credit System

# To be implemented from the Academic year 2018-2019

## **SEMESTER V**

## PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

COURSE CODE: USCH502 CREDITS: 02 LECTURES: 60

UNIT	TOPIC	NO. OF
		Lectures
UNIT I	1.0 MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY	15L
	1.1 Rotational Spectrum: Introduction to dipole moment, polarization of a bond, bond moment, molecular structure, .Rotational spectrum of a diatomic molecule, rigid rotor, moment of inertia, energy levels, conditions for obtaining pure rotational spectrum, selection rule, nature of spectrum, determination of internuclear distance and isotopic shift.  1.2 Vibrational spectrum: Vibrational motion, degrees of freedom, modes of vibration, vibrational spectrum of a diatomic molecule, simple harmonic oscillator, energy levels, zero point energy, conditions for obtaining vibrational spectrum, selection rule, nature of spectrum.  1.3 Vibrational-Rotational spectrum of diatomic molecule: energy levels, selection rule, nature of spectrum, P and R branch lines. Anharmonic oscillator - energy levels, selection rule, fundamental band, overtones. Application of vibrational-rotational spectrum in determination of force constant and its significance. Infrared spectra of simple molecules like H <sub>2</sub> O and CO <sub>2</sub> .  1.4 Raman Spectroscopy: Scattering of electromagnetic radiation, Rayleigh scattering, Raman scattering, nature of Raman spectrum, Stoke's lines, anti-Stoke's lines, Raman shift, quantum theory of Raman spectrum, comparative study of IR and Raman spectra, rule of mutual exclusion- CO <sub>2</sub> molecule.	10.7
UNIT II	2.0 CHEMICAL THERMODYNAMICS	10 L
	2.1.1 <b>Colligative properties:</b> Vapour pressure and relative lowering of vapour pressure.  Measurement of lowering of vapour pressure - Static and Dynamic	
	method.	
	2.1.2 <b>Solutions of Solid in Liquid:</b> 2.1.2.1 Elevation in boiling point of a solution, thermodynamic derivation relating elevation in boiling point of the solution and molar mass of non-volatile solute.	





	particles, Concept of electrical double layer, zeta potential, Helmholtz and Stern model. Electro-kinetic phenomena - Electrophoresis, Electro-osmosis,	
	4.2.2 Electrical Properties : Origin of charges on colloidal	
	4.2.1 <b>Introduction to colloids</b> - Emulsions, Gels and Sols	
	4.2 COLLOIDAL STATE	9L
	B.E.T. equation.	
	expected). Determination of surface area of an adsorbent using	
	B.E.T. equation for multilayer adsorption, (derivation not	
	adsorption isotherms . Langmuir's adsorption isotherm (Postulates and derivation expected).	
	4.1.1 <b>Adsorption:</b> Physical and Chemical Adsorption, types of	
UNIT IV	4.1 SURFACE CHEMISTRY	6L
TINITED IX	4.1 CUDE A CE CHEMICEDY	<b>C</b> T
	bodies and earth.	
	3.6 <b>Fusion Process</b> : Thermonuclear reactions occurring on stellar	
	material, nuclear power reactor and breeder reactor.	
	chain reaction, factor controlling fission process.  multiplication factor and critical size or mass of fissionable	
	3.5 <b>Fission Process</b> : Fissile and fertile material, nuclear fission,	
	reaction, threshold energy.	
	each projectile), artificial radioactivity, Q - value of nuclear	
	3.4 <b>Nuclear reactions</b> : nuclear transmutation (one example for	
	reaction mechanism, age determination - dating by C <sup>14</sup> .	
	3.3 Application of use of radioisotopes as Tracers: chemical	
	using G. M. Counter and Scintillation Counter.	
	electric field, detection and measurement of nuclear radiations	
	characteristics of nuclear radiations, behaviour of ion pairs in	
	3.2 <b>Detection and Measurement of Radioactivity:</b> Types and	
	constant, half life and average life) and units of radioactivity	
O1 <b>111 111</b>	3.1. <b>Introduction:</b> Basic terms-radioactive constants (decay	1JL
UNIT III	3.0 NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY	15L
	photorysis (two derivation expected).	
	photolysis (No derivation expected).	
	2.2.2 Classification of reactions as slow, fast and ultra -fast. Study of kinetics of fast reactions by Stop flow method and Flash	
	222 Classification of marking and the first firs	
	(derivation expected for both)	
	2. Bimolecular reaction.	
	theory to 1. Unimolecular reaction Lindemann theory and	
	2.2.1 Collision theory of reaction rates : Application of collision	
	2.2 CHEMICAL KINETICS	5 L
	Osmosis.	
	Osmotic Pressure - Berkeley and Hartley's Method, Reverse	
	of Van't Hoff equation, Van't Hoff Factor. Measurement of	
	Beckmann Method and Rast Method.  2.1.3 <b>Osmotic Pressure :</b> Introduction, thermodynamic derivation	
	solution and the molar mass of the non-volatile solute.	
	derivation relating the depression in the freezing point of a	
	2.1.2.2 Depression in freezing point of a solution, thermodynamic	

Streaming potential, Sedimentation potential; Donnan Membrane	
Equilibrium.	
4.2.3 Colloidal electrolytes: Introduction, micelle formation,	
4.2.4 <b>Surfactants:</b> Classification and applications of surfactants in	
detergents and food industry.	

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Physical Chemistry, Ira Levine, 5th Edition, 2002 Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.Ltd.
- 2. Physical Chemistry, P.C. Rakshit, 6th Edition, 2001, Sarat Book Distributors, Kolkota.
- 3. Physical Chemistry, R.J. Silbey, & R.A. Alberty, 3rd edition , John Wiley & Sons, Inc [part 1]
- 4. Physical Chemistry, G. Castellan, 3rd edition, 5th Reprint, 1995 Narosa Publishing House.
- 5. Modern Electrochemistry, J.O.M Bockris & A.K.N. Reddy, Maria Gamboa – Aldeco 2nd Edition, 1st Indian reprint,2006 Springer
- 6. Fundamental of Molecular Spectroscopy, 4<sup>th</sup> Edn., Colin N Banwell and Elaine M McCash Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi, 2008.
- 7. Physical Chemistry, G.M. Barrow, 6th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 8. The Elements of Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press Oxford.
- 9. Physical Chemistry, G.K. Vemullapallie, 1997, Prentice Hall of India, Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi.
- 10. Principles of Physical Chemistry B.R. Puri, L.R. Sharma, M.S. Pathania, VISHAL PUBLISHING Company, 2008.
- 11. Textbook of Polymer Science, Fred W Bilmeyer, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Ple. Ltd., Singapore, 2007.
- 12. Polymer Science, V.R. Gowariker, N.V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar, New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers, 2005.
- 13. Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry, Arnikar, Hari Jeevan, New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers, 2011..
- 14. Chemical Kinetics, K. Laidler, Pearson Education India, 1987.

## T.Y.B.Sc Physical Chemistry Practical

#### **SEMESTER V**

#### PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

**COURSE CODE: USCHP01** 

**CREDITS: 02** 

## Non-

## **Instrumental**

# Colligative properties

To determine the molecular weight of compound by Rast Method

## **Chemical Kinetics**

To determine the order between  $K_2S_2O_8$  and KI by fractional change method. (six units and three units)

# Surface phenomena

To investigate the adsorption of acetic acid on activated charcoal and test the validity of Freundlich adsorption isotherm.

#### **Instrumental**

# **Potentiometry**

To determine the solubility product and solubility of AgCl potentiometrically using chemical cell.

## Conductometry

To determine the velocity constant of alkaline hydrolysis of ethyl acetate by conductometric method.

## pH-metry

To determine acidic and basic dissociation constants of amino acid and hence to calculate isoelectric point.

## Reference books

- 1. Practical Physical Chemistry 3rd edition
  A.M.James and F.E. Prichard , Longman publication
- 2. Experiments in Physical Chemistry R.C. Das and
- B. Behra, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- 3. Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry J.B.Yadav, Goel Publishing House
- 4. Advanced Experimental Chemistry. Vol-I
- J.N.Gurtu and R Kapoor, S.Chand and Co.
- 5. Experimental Physical Chemistry By V.D.Athawale.
- 6. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry By: B. D. Khosla, V. C. Garg and A. Gulati, R Chand and Co.. 2011

## SEMESTER VI

## PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

COURSE CODE: USCH601 CREDITS: 02

**LECTURES: 60** 

st a: H	.1.1 Activity and Activity Coefficient: Lewis concept, ionic trength, Mean ionic activity and mean ionic activity coefficient of an electrolyte, expression for activities of electrolytes. Debye-Huckel limiting law (No derivation)1.2 Classification of cells: Chemical cells and Concentration	
a. H	in electrolyte, expression for activities of electrolytes. Debye- Huckel limiting law (No derivation).	
Н	Huckel limiting law (No derivation).	
Н	Huckel limiting law (No derivation).	
1		
C	rells.	
	Chemical cells with and without transference, Electrode	
	Concentration cells, Electrolyte concentration cells with and	
	vithout transference	
(0	derivations are expected),	
	.2 APPLIED ELECTROCHEMISTRY	8L
	.2.1 <b>Polarization</b> : concentration polarization and it's elimination	OL.
	.2.2 Decomposition Potential and Overvoltage : Introduction,	
	experimental determination of decomposition potential, factors	
	iffecting decomposition potential. Tafel's equation for hydrogen	
	overvoltage, experimental determination of over –voltage	
0	over voltage, experimental determination of over –voltage	
UNIT II 2	2.0 POLYMERS	15L
2	2.1 <b>Basic terms :</b> macromolecule, monomer, repeat unit, degree	
	of polymerization.	
l	2.2. Classification of polymers: Classification based on source,	
	tructure, thermal response and physical properties.	
	2.3. Molar masses of polymers: Number average, Weight	
	everage, Viscosity average molar mass, Monodispersity and	
	Polydispersity	
	2.4. Method of determining molar masses of polymers :	
	Viscosity method using Ostwald Viscometer. (derivation	
	expected)	
	2.5. <b>Light Emitting Polymers :</b> Introduction, Characteristics,	
	Method of preparation and applications.	
	2.6. Antioxidants and Stabilizers: Antioxidants, Ultraviolet	
	tabilizers, Colourants, Antistatic agents and Curing agents.	
	monitorio, Conodianto, Finalistado agonto ana Caring agonto.	
UNIT III 3	3.1 BASICS OF QUANTUM CHEMISTRY	10 L
3	3.1.1 Classical mechanics: Introduction, limitations of classical	
	nechanics, Black body radiation, photoelectric effect, Compton	
	offect.	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

	3.1.2 <b>Quantum mechanics :</b> Introduction, Planck's theory of quantization, wave particle duality, de —Broglie's equation, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle.	
	3.1.3 <b>Progressive and standing waves-</b> Introduction, boundary conditions, Schrodinger's time independent wave equation (No derivation expected), interpretation and properties of wave function.	
	3.1.4 Quantum mechanics: State function and its significance, Concept of operators - definition, addition, subtraction and multiplication of operators, commutative and non - commutative operators, linear operator, Hamiltonian operator, Eigen function and Eigen value.	
	3.2 RENEWABLE ENERGY RESOURCES	5L
	3.2.1. <b>Renewable energy resources</b> : Introduction.	
	3.2.2 <b>Solar energy</b> : Solar cells, Photovoltaic effect, Differences	
	between conductors, semiconductors, insulators and its band gap,	
	Semiconductors as solar energy converters, Silicon solar cell	
	3.2.3. <b>Hydrogen :</b> Fuel of the future, production of hydrogen by direct electrolysis of water, advantages of hydrogen as a universal energy medium.	
UNIT IV	4.1 NMR -NUCLEAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY	7L
	4.1.1. Principle: Nuclear spin, magnetic moment, nuclear 'g' factor, energy levels, Larmor precession, Relaxation processes in NMR (spin -spin relaxation and spin - lattice relaxation). 4.1.2. Instrumentation: NMR Spectrometer	
	4.2 ELECTRON SPIN RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY	
	<ul> <li>4.2.1. Principle: fundamental equation, g-value -dimensionless constant or electron g-factor, hyperfine splitting.</li> <li>4.2.2. Instrumentation: ESR spectrometer, ESR spectrum of hydrogen and deuterium.</li> </ul>	8L

Note: Numericals and Word Problems are Expected from All Units

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Physical Chemistry, Ira Levine, 5th Edition, 2002 Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.Ltd.
- 2. Physical Chemistry, P.C. Rakshit, 6th Edition, 2001, Sarat Book Distributors, Kolkota.
- 3. Physical Chemistry, R.J. Silbey, & R.A. Alberty, 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc [part 1]
- 4. Physical Chemistry, G. Castellan, 3rd edition, 5th Reprint, 1995 Narosa Publishing House.
- 5. Modern Electrochemistry, J.O.M Bockris & A.K.N. Reddy, Maria Gamboa Aldeco 2nd Edition, 1st Indian reprint,2006 Springer

- 6. Fundamental of Molecular Spectroscopy, 4<sup>th</sup> Edn., Colin N Banwell and Elaine M McCash Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi, 2008.
- 7. Physical Chemistry, G.M. Barrow, 6th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 8. The Elements of Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press Oxford.
- 9. Physical Chemistry, G.K. Vemullapallie, 1997, Prentice Hall of India, Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi.
- 10. Principles of Physical Chemistry B.R. Puri, L.R. Sharma, M.S. Pathania, VISHAL PUBLISHING Company, 2008.
- 11. Textbook of Polymer Science, Fred W Bilmeyer, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Ple. Ltd., Singapore, 2007.
- 12. Polymer Science, V.R. Gowariker, N.V. Viswanathan, Jayadev Sreedhar, New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers, 2005.
- 13. Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry, Arnikar, Hari Jeevan , New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers, 2011..
- 14. Chemical Kinetics, K. Laidler, Pearson Education India, 1987.

# T.Y.B.Sc Physical Chemistry Practical

#### **SEMESTER VI**

#### PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

COURSE CODE: USCHP02 CREDITS: 02

## Non-Instrumental

## **Chemical Kinetics**

To interpret the order of reaction graphically from the given experimental data and calculate the specific rate constant.

(No fractional order)

## **Viscosity**

To determine the molecular weight of high polymer polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) by viscosity measurement.

## <u>Instrumental</u>

## **Potentiometry**

To determine the amount of iodide, bromide and chloride in the mixture by potentiometric titration with silver nitrate.

To determine the number of electrons in the redox reaction between ferrous ammonium sulphate and cerric sulphate potentiometrically.

# Conductometry

To titrate a mixture of weak acid and strong acid against strong base and estimate the amount of each acid in the mixture conductometrically.

## **Colorimetry**

To estimate the amount of Fe(III) in the complex formation with salicylic acid by Static Method.

# Reference books

- 1. Practical Physical Chemistry 3rd edition A.M.James and F.E. Prichard, Longman publication
- 2. Experiments in Physical Chemistry R.C. Das and B. Behra, Tata Mc Graw Hill
- 3. Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry J.B.Yadav, Goel Publishing House

- 4. Advanced Experimental Chemistry. Vol-I J.N.Gurtu and R Kapoor, S.Chand and Co.
- 5. Experimental Physical Chemistry By V.D.Athawale.
- 6. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry By: B. D. Khosla, V. C. Garg and A. Gulati, R Chand and Co.. 2011